SECTOR WISE PROJECTS CONDUCTED BY RDI

SECTOR: HEALTH

| Project Title | National Family & Health Survey – VI (ONGOING) |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | International Institute of Population Sciences, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2023-2024 |
| Coverage/Location | UP West – 28 Districts, Bihar South – 20 Districts |
| Objective | The objective of the survey was to strengthen India's demographic & |
| | health database by estimating reliable national-level indicators of |
| | population, maternal and child health, HIV/AIDS and nutrition status. |
| | Hypermetric & Biometric tests were done for the respondents to collect |
| | database on their heights & weights. Blood tests were done for |
| | hemoglobin and HIV tests. |
| Sample Size | 46,080 Households total |
| Research Tools | Interview Schedules will be conducted in CAPI (Computer Assisted |
| | Personal Interview), Biomarker |

| Project Title | National Family & Health Survey – V |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | International Institute of Population Sciences, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2019-2020 |
| Coverage/Location | Manipur, Nagaland, Uttarakhand, UP West |
| Objective | The objective of the survey was to strengthen India's demographic & |
| | health database by estimating reliable national-level indicators of |
| | population, maternal and child health, HIV/AIDS and nutrition status. |
| | Hypermetric & Biometric tests were done for the respondents to collect |
| | database on their heights & weights. Blood tests were done for |
| | hemoglobin and HIV tests. |
| Sample Size | 53,700 Households total |
| Research Tools | Interview Schedules will be conducted in CAPI (Computer Assisted |
| | Personal Interview), Biomarker |

| Project Title | Study on Global Ageing and Adult Health (SAGE Wave III) |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | International Institute of Population Sciences, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2019-20 |
| Coverage/Location | Uttar Pradesh |
| Objective | The purpose of SAGE is to collect data on a broad range of self-reported |
| | assessments of health and well-being over time. This is a longitudinal |
| | study and 2 phases have already been completed. Key objective of the |
| | survey is to measure well-being, happiness, quality of life and to |
| | improve comparability across individuals, communities and populations. |
| Sample Size | 1650 Individuals |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured, Interview Schedules will be conducted in CAPI |
| | (Computer Assisted Personal Interview), Biomarker |

| Project Title | Evaluation Study on Functioning of Integrated Rehabilitation Centers for drug Addicts (IRCAs) |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment |
| Duration | 2017-18 |
| Coverage | All states of India |
| Objective | The study aims to evaluate the Functioning of Integrated Rehabilitation Centers for drug Addicts (IRCAs) and to assess the infrastructure facilities, manpower available and quality of services provided to the beneficiaries. |
| Sample Size | 398 Centers and 7700 beneficiaries |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and In-depth Interviews |
| | |

| Project Title | Evaluation Study on Functioning of Old Age Homes/ Day Care Centers |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment |
| Duration | 2017-18 |
| Coverage | All states of India |
| Objective | The study aims to evaluate the Functioning of Old Age Homes/ Day Care |
| | Centers and to assess the infrastructure facilities, manpower available |
| | and quality of services provided to the beneficiaries. |
| Sample Size | 410 Centers and 2950 beneficiaries |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and In-depth Interviews |

| Project Title | "Longitudinal Ageing Study in India" (LASI)-Wave-I |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | International Institute for Population Sciences, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2016-17 |
| Coverage/Location | Uttar Pradesh- 30 districts |
| Objective | The main objective of LASI is to provide a comprehensive evidence base |
| | on health and wellbeing of elderly population in India. LASI focus on |
| | demographics, household economic status, health and biomarkers, |
| | health insurance and health care utilization, family and social network, |
| | work and employment, and retirement. |
| Sample Size | 4000 Households |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured, Interview Schedules will be conducted in CAPI |
| | (Computer Assisted Personal Interview) |

| Project Title | National Family & Health Survey – IV |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | International Institute of Population Sciences, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2015-16 |
| Coverage/Location | Nagaland |
| Objective | The objective of the survey was to strengthen India's demographic & |
| | health database by estimating reliable national-level indicators of |
| | population, maternal and child health, HIV/AIDS and nutrition status. |
| | Hypermetric & Biometric tests were done for the respondents to collect |
| | database on their heights & weights. Blood tests were done for |
| A | hemoglobin and HIV tests. |
| Sample Size | 11180 Households |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured, Interview Schedules will be conducted in CAPI |
| A | (Computer Assisted Personal Interview) |

| Project Title | National Family & Health Survey – IV |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | International Institute of Population Sciences, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2015-2016 |
| Coverage/Location | Mizoram |
| Objective | The objective of the survey was to strengthen India's demographic & health database by estimating reliable national-level indicators of population, maternal and child health, HIV/AIDS and nutrition status. Hypermetric & Biometric tests were done for the respondents to collect database on their heights & weights. Blood tests were done for hemoglobin and HIV tests. |
| Sample Size | 11180 Households |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured, Interview Schedules will be conducted in CAPI (Computer Assisted Personal Interview) |

| Project Title | Facility Mapping Survey |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | State Innovations in Family Planning Services Project Agency (SIFPSA), |
| | Lucknow |
| Duration | 2015-16 |
| Coverage/Location | 10 Districts of Uttar Pradesh |
| Objective | The objective of the study were: |
| | To map the availability and accessibility of maternal, newborn and |
| | child health (MNCH) services in Public and Private Health Service |
| | units, |
| | To identify gaps in infrastructure, Human Resource, Equipments, |
| | drugs and supplies related to MNCH services. |
| | > To develop a GIS map of health facilities of districts and to provide |
| | information on geographical distribution and the range |
| | of health services provided by these health facilities |
| Sample Size | 3398 Government and Private facilities |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured interview Schedules, & GPS Devices |

| Project Title | Clinical Anthropometric Bio Chemical Tests Under Annual Health |
|-------------------|---|
| | Survey (Bihar) |
| Client | Office of Registrar general of India , Ministry of Home Affairs |
| Duration | 2013-2014 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar (20 Districts) |
| Objective | Conducting Clinical Anthropometric Bio marker test (Height, weight, |
| | blood pressure, glucose fasting and salt tests. |
| Sample Size | 34381 households |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules |

| Project Title | Post Survey Audit of Annual Health Survey |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs |
| Duration | 2010-2012 |
| Coverage/Location | Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Jharkhand, and Orissa |
| Objective | Provide unbiased and objective feedback about the coverage of households and canvassing of different schedules thereof, particularly the woman schedule. An assessment on the content of these schedules and their quality. An objective opinion about the quality of field staff deployed by survey agencies. To provide information on events that might have been missed or incorrectly captured. |
| Sample Size | 1,35,000 households |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured, Interview Schedules |

| Project Title | Feasibility Study for Health Communication in Bihar |
|----------------|--|
| Client | Heroes Project, Mumbai |
| Duration | 2012 |
| Coverage | 98 villages spread across 49 Blocks in 3 Districts of Bihar |
| Objective | To develop a strategy for the BCC activities, which is based on grassroots level information |
| Sample size | 392 Focus Group Discussions & 980 in-depth interviews |
| Research tools | Guides for Focus Group Discussions and in-depth interviews |

| Project Title | Baseline Survey for PRACHAR Project – Phase III |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Pathfinder International |
| Duration | 2009-10 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar |
| | Dist: Gaya |
| | Blocks- 9 |
| Objective | To assess pre-intervention levels of process and outcome indicators of |
| | Prachar Phase III and comparison blocks. |
| | To compare the pre-intervention levels of indicators in intervention and |
| | comparison blocks. |
| | To develop the integrated package of RH/FP communication and |
| | services in the intervention blocks. |
| _ A | To Prepare micro plan of intervention activities and to provide feedback |
| | to all stake holder. |
| Sample Size | Households: 12600 |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules |

| Project Title | Mapping of urban health facilities in Bihar |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | State Health Society, Bihar |
| Duration | Feb'08 – August'08 |
| Coverage/Location | State: Bihar |
| Objective | The main objective of the survey was to map all health centers, (Govt. or private), diagnostic centers and ICDS centers in 37 cities/towns in Bihar. Manually made maps were converted into AutoCAD maps. One map represented approx. 50,000 populations. Along with it a brief description of the health facility was also obtained |
| Sample Size | Cities: 37 Maps: 126 |
| Research Tools | Listing Schedule, Manual mapping |

| Project Title | Documentation of Initiatives Undertaken by Different Stakeholders on |
|-------------------|---|
| | Prevention of Trafficking of Women & Children |
| Client | UNICEF, India Country Office Delhi |
| Duration | June, 2003 |
| Coverage/Location | All the States & Union Territories of India |
| Objective | The objective of the study was to document the initiatives taken by various stakeholders like the police, government departments and the NGOs for preventing trafficking of women and children for commercial sexual exploitation This entailed interviewing the concerned police, government officials and the NGOs and document initiatives taken, problems faced and strategies drawn for combating the problem. Another objective of the study was to compile the data related to trafficking of women and children in India. The study was carried out in all the states of India. Major source and destination areas were also identified |
| Sample Size | 30 States & Union Territories |
| Research Tools | Interview Guide |

- Communication Needs Assessment for Prevention of HIV/AIDS
- Labor Flexibility & Security Research Program
- Situational Analysis of TB Patients
- Customer Satisfaction Survey for Voucher System

SECTOR: RURAL DEVELOPMENT / SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

| Project Title | National Level Monitors (NLMs) to districts for Regular Monitoring of Rural Development Programmes during 2022 – 23 (Phase-I) |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Rural Development, GoI (Monitoring Division) |
| Duration | 2022-2023 |
| Coverage/Location | Four districts in Assam, two districts in Manipur |
| Objective | Monitoring of rural development programmes. |
| Sample Size | 10 GPs each from of the 6 Districts, PRI members, Implementing agencies |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured interviews & In-depth interviews |

| Project Title | Consumer Satisfaction Survey |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Bihar State Power (Holding) Company Limited |
| Duration | 2022-2023 |
| Coverage/Location | Across all districts of Bihar |
| Objective | To find out consumer satisfaction with regard to power supply quality & reliability, ease of new service connection, billing & collection process, smart meters, grievance redressal mechanism & other key parameters across various tariff categories from different tariff class consumer of SBPDCL & NBPDCL. |
| Sample Size | 56,000 Household consumers |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured interviews, In-depth interviews & Focused group discussion |

| Project Title | Impact Assessment of Mission Rail Karmyogi Training In Customer/Citizen Centricity For Frontline Railway Staff |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Indian Railways Institute of Transport Management (IRITM) |
| Duration | 2022-2023 |
| Coverage/Location | 14 States |
| Objective | Indian Railways Institute of Transport Management launched Rail Karmyogi Program wherein 91,000 railway staff officials were given training. For the purpose of understanding the impact of the training program, post – intervention from railway customers was conducted. |
| Sample Size | 1600 Railway customers |
| Research Tools | Semi Structured interviews |

| Project Title | A Comprehensive Socio-Economic & Human Development Study for Benefited Areas of Western Koshi Canal Project |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Water Resource Department Government of Bihar |
| Duration | 2022 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar – Darbhanga and Madhubani |
| Objective | Household survey to assess the impact of Western Koshi canal system on the lives and livelihood of population covered and find out the potential impact on the socio-economic conditions of the population in areas where canal work is to be completed and the development of the area as a whole. |
| Sample Size | 15,190 Households |
| Research Tools | Semi Structured interviews |

| Project Title | National Level Monitors (NLMs) to districts for Regular Monitoring of Rural Development Programmes |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Ministry of Rural Development, GoI (Monitoring Division) |
| Duration | 2021-2022 |
| Coverage/Location | Jammu and Kashmir (2 Districts) and Punjab (4 Districts) |
| Objective | Monitoring of rural development programmes. |
| Sample Size | 10 GPs each from of the 6 Districts, PRI members, Implementing agencies |
| Research Tools | Semi Structured interviews |

| Project Title | A Comprehensive Socio-Economic and Human Development Study in the Eastern Gandak Canal System in Bihar |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Water resource department, Government of Bihar |
| Coverage/Location | East champaran, West Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Vaishali |
| Duration | 2019-20 |
| Objective | The major objective of the study was to assess the impact of Phase I canal system on the lives and livelihood of population covered and find out the potential impact of Phase 2 on the socio-economic conditions of the population and the development of the area as a whole. |
| Sample Size | 13,200 Household |
| Research Tools | Household, survey, FGD, In-depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Resettlement (census and inventory of losses) Survey of Ara Canal Water Productivity |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Asian Development Bank |
| Duration | 2018-19 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar- (Bhojpur, Rohtas and Buxar) |

| Objective | The objective of the study were as follows: |
|----------------|---|
| | To prepare a census of all (100%) affected persons |
| | > To identify and consult the key stakeholders on their views about |
| | the project/subproject and resettlement effects |
| | > To assess the Viability and Acceptability Specific Options for |
| | Relocation for various AP groups at different locations |
| | To conduct Gender analysis of the resettlement impacts |
| | To conduct Resettlement Impact Screening using proposed screening format |
| | > To prepare a tenement list (which contains the names, addresses, |
| | type of impact, amount of structure/asset losses, tenure) and |
| | tenement particulars (using the survey boundarymaps) |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedules, Gender Analysis and verification |

| Project Title | Agro-Socio-Economic Household Survey |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Asian Development Bank |
| Duration | 2017-18 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar- (Bhojpur, Rohtas and Buxar) |
| Objective | The objective of the study were as follows: |
| | To determine potential differences in the supply of irrigation |
| | water at the head, middle and tail reaches of the Ara MainCanal, |
| | the Dumraon Branch Canal and the Bihiya Branch Canal and their |
| | associated distributaries and minor canals |
| | To access the impact of such differences on farm production and |
| | incomes |
| | To analyze variations in the pattern of landholding size across the |
| | project area. |
| Sample Size | 2270 Respondents |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedules and physical verification |

| Project Title | Consumer Satisfaction Survey |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Jaipur Vidyut Vitran Nigam Ltd. (JVVNL) |
| | Jodhpur VidyutVitran Nigam Ltd. (JdVVNL) |
| | Ajmer Vidyut Vittran Nigam Ltd. (AVVNL), Govt. of Rajasthan |
| Duration | 2017-18 |
| Coverage/Location | Rajasthan-All Districts |

| Objective | The objective of the study are as follows: |
|----------------|---|
| | ➤ To find out peoples opinion on ease of getting a new electricity connection |
| | To assess consumers satisfaction over the billing process |
| | Awareness and perception of the consumer on the quality of the existing grievance Redressal Mechanism. |
| | To find out peoples opinion about the reliability of supply |
| | To find out the behavior of license personnel at different levels. |
| | ➤ To seek suggestions from all categories of users for improvement |
| | in electricity supply & billing grievance redressal mechanism |
| Sample Size | Jaipur DISCOM: 189 Sub divisons |
| | Jodhpur DISCOM: 155 Sub divisons |
| | Ajmer DISCOM: 191 Sub divisons |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedules, in-depth interviews and physical |
| | verification |

| Project Title | Disaster Risk Assessment Survey |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | National Institute of Urban Development (NIUA) |
| Duration | 2017-18 |
| Coverage/Location | New Delhi- 10 urban villages |
| Objective | The objective of the study were as follows: |
| | To evaluate the extent, frequency, nature, scale, and variety of the risks posed by disasters including fire, earthquake, floods etc. To understand the perception of local risks by residents To elicit information regarding the improvement of disaster prevention, mitigation, preparedness and response in such locations through upgraded operational and policy interventions. |
| Sample Size | 2500 Respondents |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedules, in-depth interviews and focus group discussions |

| Project Title | Evaluation Study on Self Employment Scheme for Rehabilitation of |
|-------------------|---|
| | Manual Scavengers |
| Client | Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment, Govt. of India |
| Duration | 2017-18 (3 Months) |
| Coverage/Location | Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Rajasthan, Uttarakhand, Punjab, Madhya Pradesh, |
| | Chhattisgarh, Assam, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, Andhra Pradesh, West |
| | Bengal, and Odisha |

| Objective | To assess the employment status of manual scavengers, process of skill training, and availing loan facility. |
|----------------|---|
| | To assess whether the identified Manual Scavengers have received OTCA |
| | To evaluate whether the school going children are receiving scholarships. |
| | To find out whether the target group are engaged in other sustainable occupation |
| | To identify the cases of social exclusion in schools and work places. |
| Sample Size | 3816 Identified manual scavengers across 13 states |
| Research Tools | Semi Structured Interview Schedules |

| Project Title | National Level Monitors (NLMs) to districts for Regular Monitoring of |
|-------------------|--|
| | Rural Development Programmes during 2016 – 17 (Phase-II) |
| Client | Ministry of Rural Development, GoI (Monitoring Division) |
| Duration | February –April, 2017 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar (4 Districts) Manipur (2 districts) and Jharkhand (2 Districts) |
| Objective | Monitoring of Rural Development Programmes of Ministry of R Development p, Ministry of Drinking Water & Sanitation and Ministr Panchayati Raj Viz': (: (MGNREGS, DAY-NRLM, DDUGKY, PMAY, NSAP, PM DILRMP, PMKSY (Watershed Component), , Basic verification of Panch etc. Assessment of performance of the programme in terms of achieving its objectives. Determining whether the programme inputs are well utilized; Identifying problems facing the community and finding solutions through existing programmes; Ensuring all activities are carried out properly by the right people and in time; Using lessons from one project in another projects; and Determining the appropriateness of programme planning for achieving its objectives. |
| Sample Size | 10 GPs each from 8 Districts, PRI members, Implementing agencies for each of the programmes |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules , Observation Checklist, Group Discussions and Focus Group Discussion |

| Project Title | Consumer's Satisfaction Survey with regard to quality of supply and |
|-------------------|---|
| | distribution of electricity |
| Client | Bihar State Power holding company limited |
| Duration | 2016 |
| Coverage/Location | 4 Districts (Kishanganj, Madhepura, Munger, and Sheikhpura) |
| Objective | The objective of the study are as follows: |
| | To find out peoples opinion towards overall quality of electricity |
| | supply |
| | ➤ To assess consumers satisfaction over the billing process i.e. spot |
| | billing at the doorstep in urban areas and camps in rural areas. |
| | Awareness and perception of the consumer on the quality of the |
| | existing grievance Redressal Mechanism- Bill dispute redressal at |
| | camps & telephonic customer care |
| | ➤ To find out peoples opinion about incidence of corruption in |
| | electrification of habitation and billing etc. in general and to find out |
| | incidences for the case study if available |
| | ➤ To seek suggestions from all categories of users for improvement |
| | in electricity supply & billing grievance redressal mechanism |
| Sample Size | 4600 Households and 1000 Computer Assisted Telephonic Interview (CATI) |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedule and Telephones |
| Project Title | Impact Assessment of Inter Personal Communication Campaign in Ultrar |

| Project Title | Impact Assessment of Inter Personal Communication Campaign in Uttar |
|-------------------|--|
| | Pradesh |
| Client | Broadcast Engineering Consultants India Limited (BECIL) |
| Duration | 2016-17 (3 Months) |
| Coverage/Location | Uttar Pradesh (25 Districts) |
| Objective | To assess impact, quality and effectiveness of the IPC campaigns |
| | and identify the gaps if any. |
| | To evaluate the extent of reach / exposure and relevance for each |
| | target groups specific to the campaign |
| | To evaluate target groups, different population strata, rural |
| | population, college students, women, senior citizen etc as the case |
| | may be recall comprehension and appeal of the theme of the |
| | campaign executed. |
| | > To assess the impact, effectiveness and quality of the appropriate |
| | methodology adopted for IPC campaigns and suggest/recommend |
| | measure for corrective action. |
| | To identify communication gaps if any |
| Sample Size | 11875 Respondents in 2375 Villages |
| Research Tools | Semi Structured Interview Schedules |

| Project Title | Process Implementation, Benefit Disbursement, and Satisfaction level |
|-------------------|---|
| | beneficiaries of Rural Development Programmes |
| Client | Directorate of Economics and Statistics, (DES) Government of Rajasthan |
| Duration | 2016 |
| Coverage/Location | Rajasthan(All 33 districts) |
| Objective | The broad objective of the study was to assess the status of MGNREGA work and satisfaction of job card holders in the implementation of the scheme, water and sanitation which would include status of construction of toilets and it's use and availability of drinking water andit's quality; status of services on AtalSeva Kendra; status of payment of Palanharyojna, pension & Scholarship scheme; status of opening of Aanganwadicentres and the nursery and Pre schools running by it; availability of G.S.S. seeds & fertilizers and it's distribution process, mal practices and satisfaction level of farmers; and condition of rural roads and it's sustainability. |
| Sample Size | 21000 Households |
| Research Tools | Semi structured interview schedules |

| Project Title | Monitoring of NamamiGange ODF Villages |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Govt. of India |
| Duration | 2016-17 |
| Coverage/Location | West Bengal (Malda & Murshidabad) districts |
| Objective | Regular monitoring to monitor various aspects of implementation of |
| | schemes of Ministry of Drinking water and Sanitation: |
| | To assess the selection of beneficiaries under the programme has been transparent, unbiased and fair To assess the quality and usefulness of the assets created to the community Field level verification of IMIS data Causes for non-implementation of the schemes Shortcomings in implementation and possible remedy |
| Sample Size | 49 Villages |
| Research Tools | Semi structured interview schedules |

| Project Title | National Level Monitors (NLMs) to districts for Regular Monitoring of |
|-------------------|---|
| | Rural Development Programmes during 2015 – 2016 (Phase-II) |
| Client | Ministry of Rural Development, GoI (Monitoring Division) |
| Duration | February 2016 |
| Coverage/Location | Gujarat (4 Districts) |
| Objective | Monitoring of Rural Development Programmes of Ministry of Rural |
| | Development, Ministry of Drinking Water & Sanitation and Ministry |
| | Panchayati Raj Viz': (: (MGNREGS, DAY-NRLM, DDUGKY, PMAY, NSAP, PM |
| | DILRMP, PMKSY (Watershed Component), NRDWP, SBM, Basic verification |
| | Panchayat etc. |
| | Assessment of performance of the programme in terms of achieving its objectives. Determining whether the programme inputs are well utilized; Identifying problems facing the community and finding solutions through existing programmes; Ensuring all activities are carried out properly by the right people and in time; Using lessons from one project in another projects; and Determining the appropriateness of programme planning for achieving its objectives. |
| Sample Size | 10 GPs each from 4 Districts, PRI members, Implementing agencies for each of the programmes |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules , Observation Checklist, Group |
| A | Discussions and Focus Group Discussion |
| | |
| Drojoet Title | Notional Laval Manitars (NLMs) to districts for Possular Manitaring of |

| Project Title | National Level Monitors (NLMs) to districts for Regular Monitoring of |
|-------------------|--|
| | Rural Development Programmes during 2016 – 17 (Phase-I) |
| Client | Ministry of Rural Development, GoI (Monitoring Division) |
| Duration | September 2016 |
| Coverage/Location | Meghalaya (4 Districts) and Tripura (2 Districts) |
| Objective | Monitoring of Rural Development Programmes of Ministry of R |
| | Development p, Ministry of Drinking Water & Sanitation and Ministr |
| | Panchayati Raj Viz': (: (MGNREGS, DAY-NRLM, DDUGKY, PMAY, NSAP, PM |
| | DILRMP, PMKSY (Watershed Component), NRDWP, SBM, Basic verificatio |
| | Panchayat etc. |
| | • Assessment of performance of the programme in terms of achieving its objectives. |
| | Determining whether the programme inputs are well utilized; |
| | Identifying problems facing the community and finding solutions through existing programmes; |
| | Ensuring all activities are carried out properly by the right people and in time; |

| | Using lessons from one project in another projects; and Determining the appropriateness of programme planning for achieving its objectives. |
|----------------|---|
| Sample Size | 10 GPs each from 6 Districts, PRI members, Implementing agencies for each of the programmes |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules , Observation Checklist, Group Discussions and Focus Group Discussion |

| Project Title | District wide Survey in Rajasthan |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Employees state Insurance Corporation (ESIC), |
| Duration | 2016 |
| Coverage | Rajasthan (All 33 districts) |
| Objective | The main objective of the study was to assess for implementation of ESI |
| | scheme in state of Rajasthan |
| Sample Size | 5054 interviews |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedule |

| Project Title | Evaluation Study of National Rural Employment Guarantee Programme |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Centre for Good Governance, HCM RIPA, Govt. of Rajasthan |
| Duration | May - July 2008 |
| Coverage | Seven districts of Rajasthan - Dungarpur, Jalore, Jhalawar, Karauli, Sirohi, |
| | Tonk and Udaipur |
| Objective | The objective of the assignment was to evaluate whether the scheme is |
| | being implemented as per the prescribed guidelines. |
| A | Quality of works, |
| | Vigilance & accountability mechanisms set up under provision of the |
| | Act Level of awareness among the public and beneficiaries about the provisions of the scheme. Wage rates, as compared to the minimum wages Overhead expenses Impact of the scheme on the lives of the beneficiaries |
| Sample Size | 7 districts, 14 blocks, 28 Gram Panchayat, 124 works and 1238 |
| Sumpre Size | beneficiaries |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, Focus Group Discussions and |
| | Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | An Evaluation Study of SGSY in Rajasthan |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Integrated Rural Development Department and Panchayati Raj, |
| | Government of Rajasthan |
| Duration | February-August 2008 |
| Coverage | Sixteen districts of Rajasthan – Alwar, Banswara, Bamer, Bhilwara, Bikaner, Churu, Dausa, Dungarpur, Jaipur, Jalore, Jhalawar, Nagaur, Pali, Rajsamand, Sri Ganga Nagar and Tonk |
| Objective | The objective of the assignment was to evaluate and assess the impact of SGSY scheme in 16 districts as per the guidelines of the scheme. Observations about strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats of SGSY programme in the state of Rajasthan. Physical and financial progress of the programme as well as qualitative observation on the effectiveness of the programme. New initiatives and innovations being piloted in SGSY in any part of the country; and Roadmap for SGSY for the state for the next five years |
| Sample Size | 16 districts, 48 blocks, 240 villages, 908 Swarozgaris and 194 SHGs. |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, Focus Group Discussions and Depth Interviews |
| | |

| Project Title | An Evaluation of Skill Training Programs for Livelihood Promotion |
|----------------|---|
| | Under Rajasthan Mission on Livelihood |
| Client | Centre for Good Governance, HCM RIPA, Govt. of Rajasthan |
| Duration | February - September 2007 |
| Coverage | Nine districts of Rajasthan - Alwar, Banswara, Baran, Bhilwara, Chittorgarh, Churu, Dholpur, Jodhpur and Pali |
| Objective | The main objective of the assignment was to evaluate and assess theskill training programs and as well as to assess the socio-economic impact of the scheme. Strengths and problems of skill development programme Remedial measures to overcome problems/difficulties Efficacy of existing skill training programs, training institutes and industry interface Tracking of livelihoods of trainees Financial and physical performance |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, Focus Group Discussions and Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Concurrent Evaluation of SGRY scheme |
|----------------|--|
| Client | Ministry of Rural Development, Govt. of India |
| Duration | November, 2003 |
| Coverage | 12 district of Bihar: Araria, Chapra, Jamui, Katihar, Khagaria, Kishanganj, |
| | Lakhisarai, Gaya, Madhubani, Munger, Muzaffarpur, Nawadah |
| Objective | The objective of the assignment was to evaluate SGRY as per theguidelines of |
| | the scheme in the districts of Bihar. |
| | Status of quality of assets created under the scheme |
| | Physical and financial performance of the scheme |
| | Improvement of employment and living conditions of people below poverty line. |
| | Whether PRIs are empowered at all the three tiers |
| | Implementation process that brought necessary changes in the policy& strategy adopted. |
| Sample Size | 12 Districts, 52 Blocks, 520 Gram Panchayats, 600 beneficiaries, 240 non- |
| | beneficiaries and 180 assets |
| Research Tools | Data capture format, depth interview, semi-structured schedule and |
| | FGD |

| Project Title | Quick Evaluation of Rural Development Project / Concurrent Evaluation |
|-----------------|---|
| | of IAY & MWS. |
| Commissioned by | Ministry of Rural Development, Govt. of India |
| Location | Three Districts of Bihar |
| Nature of Study | Evaluation Study |
| Sample Size | 13 Blocks in Three Districts of Jharkhand (erstwhile Bihar) |
| Duration | January 2000 |
| Description | Survey was done for the Nodal Agency. The respondents were asked about the |
| | benefits received from the RD programmes. The data collected from the field |
| | visit was collated in the form of a report and |
| | submitted to client. |

- Concurrent Monitoring of Socio Economic Caste Census (SECC)
- Survey for Nirmal Gram Puraskar
- Impact Assessment Study of Rural Development Programs
- Comprehensive Socio-Economic Survey of JJ Cluster in Delhi
- Slum Survey in Bihar under Support Programme for Urban Reforms in Bihar
- Socio-Economic Impact of Construction of Bridges in Rural Bihar
- Impact Evaluation Study of Lower Registration Charges for Women in Rajasthan
- Socio- Economic study on incidences of suicide
- Socio-Economic study on functioning of public distribution system

SECTOR: EDUCATION

| Project Title | Aspirational Study – Skilling & Employment |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | National Skill Development Corporation (NSDC) |
| Duration | 2023 |
| Coverage/Location | Uttar Pradesh, Jharkhand, Odisha |
| Objective | Major objective of the study was to find out the aspirations of the youth's vis a vis their career/skill and employment. |
| Sample Size | 2700 Youths |
| Research Tools | Semi – Structured Interviews and In – Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Evaluation and Impact Assessment of Merit-cum-means based |
|-------------------|--|
| | Scholarship Scheme |
| Client | Ministry of Minority Affairs, GOI. |
| Coverage/Location | Six months (5 th March 2013 to 5 th September 2013) |
| Objective | To assess the level of awareness of major stakeholders regarding the scheme. To understand, in-depth, the strengths and weaknesses of the |
| | scheme. To understand the impact of scheme on target group. To give practical suggestions to improve the scheme. |
| Sample Size | Beneficiaries: 960 State Level Officials: 60 District Level Officials: 48 Head of Educational Institutions: 480 |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, In-depth Interview & Case Studies |

| Project Title | Evaluation and Impact Assessment of Pre-Matric Scholarship Scheme |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Minority Affairs, GOI. |
| Coverage/Location | Six months (5 th March 2013 to 5 th September 2013) |
| Objective | To assess the level of awareness of major stakeholders regarding the scheme. To understand, in-depth, the strengths and weaknesses of the scheme. To understand the impact of scheme on target group. |
| | To give practical suggestions to improve the scheme. |
| Sample Size | Beneficiaries: 2880 State Level Officials: 120 District Level Officials: 120 Head of Educational Institutions: 480 |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, In-depth Interview & Case Studies |

| Project Title | Evaluation and Impact Assessment of Post-Matric Scholarship Scheme |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Minority Affairs, GOI. |
| Coverage/Location | Six months (5 th March 2013 to 5 th September 2013) |
| Objective | To assess the level of awareness of major stakeholders regarding the scheme. To understand, in-depth, the strengths and weaknesses of the scheme. To understand the impact of scheme on target group. |
| | To give practical suggestions to improve the scheme. |
| Sample Size | Beneficiaries : 2880 State Level Officials : 120 District Level Officials : 120 Head of Educational Institutions : 480 |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, In-depth Interview & Case Studies |

| Project Title | Evaluation of Mid-Day Meal Scheme |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Department of Rural Development and Panchayathi Raj, Gov. of |
| | Rajasthan |
| Duration | 2006 – 2007 |
| Coverage | Seven Districts of Rajasthan: Bhilwara, SawaiMadhopur, Churu, Jaipur, |
| | Jodhpur, Baran, Udaipur |
| Objective | The major objectives were to find out the impact of MidDay Meal |
| | Scheme on beneficiaries and to gather opinion of service providers |
| | regarding key issues related to the scheme |
| Sample Size | 4114 beneficiaries and 1564 service providers |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, Focus Group Discussions and |
| | Depth Interviews |

- Impact of Intervention in Inclusive Education Resources Room and Home Based Education (HBE)
- Study on Utility of Science & Mathematics Kits in School
- Evaluation of Transport Voucher Scheme
- Availability of teachers and its impact thereof on academic achievement
- Assessment of facilities available in TAD hostel in Rajasthan
- Assessment of facilities available in social welfare hostels in Rajasthan
- A Cohort study of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan Districts in Uttar Pradesh
- Study on Community Own Perception on its role in functioning of Primary Schools

SECTOR: E-GOVERNANCE

| Project Title | Impact of ICT Applications in Panchayat to create a Baseline for e- Services |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Department of Electronics & Information Technology |
| Coverage/Location | In 17 states: Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, UP, MP, Bihar, West Bengal, |
| | Odisha, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Tripura, Punjab, Tamil Nadu, |
| | Karnataka, Kerala, Gujrat, Maharashtra and Chhattisgarh |
| | UTs: Daman & Diu and Dadar Nagar Haveli |
| Objective | To evaluate the efficiency of PES suites along with the State Specific |
| | application & to assess the impact on PRIs. |
| | To create baseline of e- services at Panchayat level. |
| Sample Size | Senior Govt. Officials: 95 |
| | End User: 794 |
| | PRI (Elected Representatives): 1086 |
| | Citizen: 6413 |
| Research Tools | Interview schedules |

| Project Title | Baseline Study on 'PDS Online' |
|----------------------|--|
| Client | Department of Electronics & Information Technology |
| Coverage/Location | States: Haryana, Delhi, UP, Chhattisgarh, Odisha, Gujarat, Andhra |
| | Pradesh, Karnataka, Tamil Nadu, and Arunachal Pradesh |
| | UT: Andaman Nicobar |
| Objective | To understand the challenges in the current implementation process and |
| | service delivery and to make comparative study of the states/UTs on |
| | the basis of level of computerization and process automation. |
| Sample Size | Central Level: 2 Semi-structured |
| | State Level: 22 |
| | District Level: 43 Officials |
| | Block Level: 176 Officials |
| | FPS Owners: Respondents: 440 |
| | Respondents (Users): 4224 |
| | Godown In-charge: 41 |
| Research Tools | Semi structured questionnaire, Face to face interview |

| Project Title | Impact Assessment of Project: Economic Development through E Governance in India |
|---------------|---|
| Client | GIZ |
| Duration | 2010 |
| Coverage | Across India |

| Objective | To assess impact of GIZ's programme (3 components) for economic |
|----------------|---|
| | development through e-Governance in India |
| Sample Size | Component I: Project Coordinators of 30 E-Governance projects |
| | of Component II: 154 IT SMEs, 3 STQC empaneled intermediaries and 3 |
| | Business Associations |
| | Component III: 270 User SMEs |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and Depth Interviews |

- Data Collection and Data Entry for e-tracking of "PMEGP PROPOSALS" in Bihar, Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC)
- Summary Assessment of E Governance Projects in Rajasthan
- Impact Assessment of Commercial Taxes E-Governance Projects
- Evaluation of Nominations for National Awards for E-Governance
- Analytical Support for Web Ratna Awards 2008



SECTOR: TRIBAL DEVELOPMENT

| Project Title | Evaluation Study of Selected Tribal Schemes in Scheduled Areas |
|----------------------|--|
| Client | Centre for Good Governance, Govt. of Rajasthan |
| Duration | February – May 2008 |
| Coverage | Six districts of Rajasthan - Banswara, Chittorgarh, Dungarpur, Sirohi and Udaipur |
| Objective | The main objective of the assignment was to evaluate and assess 6 selected tribal schemes of Rajasthan and as well as to assess the socio-economic impact of the scheme. Strengths and problems of selected 6 tribal schemes (Lift Irrigation, Community Diesel Pump set, Ma-Bari Kendra, computer Training and Integrated Village Development Plan) Remedial measures to overcome problems/difficulties Financial and physical performance Impact of the schemes on the livelihood of beneficiaries |
| Sample Size | 6 districts, 53 Training Institutes, 506 Beneficiaries, 59 FGD and 64 Depth interviews |
| Research | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, Focus Group Discussions and Depth |
| Tools | Interviews |

| Project Title | Evaluation of NGO's working for tribal development |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Tribal Affairs, Govt. of India |
| Duration | January-February 2000 |
| Coverage | Ten NGOs in states of Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Delhi, Orissa, |
| | and Madhya Pradesh |
| Objective | The main objective of the survey was to evaluate the work done by |
| | the NGOs related to the development of tribals. |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules, Focus Group Discussions and |
| | Depth Interviews |

COORPORATE- SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

| Project Title | Data Collection and Data Entry for e-tracking of "PMEGP PROPOSALS" in Bihar, Khadi and Village Industries Commission (KVIC) |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Micro, Small & Medium enterprise, GOI |
| Duration | 2013-2014 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar |
| Objective | Collecting of data from DIC, KVIC, PMEGP and relevant sources for small |
| | scale industries in Bihar. |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Comprehensive Socio-Economic Survey of JJ Clusters in Delhi |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Delhi Urban Shelter Improvement Board, Govt. of Delhi |
| Duration | 2012 |
| Coverage/Location | Delhi |
| Objective | To assess number of people and households in approximately 652 JJ settlements/JJ clusters with documents on their status and eligibility for resettlement / in-situ development program. Stakeholder analysis to understand people's perception of their problems, aspirations and provide inputs that would be useful to consider and develop alternative development plans including social housing. Identify existing social infrastructure such as health, education and social welfare / development programs being implemented in the area. |
| Research Tools | Ascertain and analyze key social risks, internal and external, to the project and measures to address them. To assess the affordability of the people for housing and housing finance. To develop suitable housing and related indicators, that would be useful for monitoring, evaluation and planning. To provide survey data in electronic form for populating GIS that could be taken care of by DUSIB for its various programme. Pre-survey preparation, survey schedule, training manual, training, survey logistics, actual survey, data entry, programming & process, |
| | analysis and report drafting, presentation and production of final report |

| Project Title | Slum Survey in Bihar under Support Programme for Urban Reforms in Bihar |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | IPE (India) and WSP International (UK) |
| Duration | 2010-11 |
| Coverage/Location | 28 towns of Bihar |
| Objective | To prepare slum maps, identification of boundaries and marking dwelling units. |
| | To assess the availability of infrastructure and basic services, socio- economic aspects, environmental aspects and land ownership of each slum. |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and AutoCAD Maps |

| Project Title | Socio-Economic Impact of Construction of Bridges in Rural Bihar |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Bihar RajyaPul Nigam Ltd. |
| Duration | 2009 |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar |
| Objective | To assess the socio-economic impact due to construction of bridges in rural Bihar |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and Case Studies |

| Project Title | Impact Evaluation Study of Lower Registration Charges for Women In |
|----------------|---|
| | Rajasthan |
| Client | Centre For Good Governance, Government Of Rajasthan |
| Duration | 2008 |
| Coverage | Seven Districts |
| Objective | To know the impact of low registration fees for women – mainly in terms of increase in number of property registrations of women and in women empowerment |
| Sample Size | 324 women beneficiaries and 264 key - informants |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Evaluation Of Transport Voucher Scheme |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | CGG, Rajasthan |
| Duration | 2007 |
| Coverage/Location | Rajasthan – 9 districts |

| Objective | The main objective of the study was to evaluate the transport voucher scheme of the Govt, with specific reference to find out total number of beneficiaries in the educational institutes of selected districts and the state; To find out awareness about the programme, applications received, sanctioned, distributed and pending in the schools; Analysis of the actual distribution of transport vouchers against the eligible candidates along with verification from the registered beneficiaries; To assess the utilization of the transport vouchers in the selected districts and to review the difficulties in distribution of transport vouchers |
|----------------|--|
| Sample Size | Districts – 9 Schools – 173 Repositioning 1860 |
| Research Tools | Beneficiaries - 1860 Structured Interview Schedules; Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Impact Evaluation of the various Development Programs of |
|----------------|---|
| | Government of Rajasthan (two rounds) |
| Client | Directorate of Evaluation, Govt. of Rajasthan |
| Duration | February 2005 – October 2006 |
| Coverage | All 32 districts of Rajasthan |
| Objective | To ascertain overall opinion of people on the extent of satisfaction with the performance of the state government; To ascertain opinion of the people on their most important & immediate development needs; To ascertain people's opinion on actual ground levelimplementation of specific development initiatives of the government; To ascertain people's opinion on functioning of local administration including corrupt practices; To find out existing status of important civic amenities; To make suggestions to the government on its policy decisions and also on effective implementation of existing schemes. |
| Sample Size | 46335 household interviews, 586 GDs, 269 interviews with Govt. officials, 2900 interviews with opinion leaders |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured interview schedules, FGDs, Interviews |

| Project Title | Socio-economic study on functioning of public distribution system |
|---------------|--|
| Client | Ministry of Food, Consumer Affairs, & PDS, Govt. of India |
| Duration | October 2003 - March 2004 |
| Coverage | Ten Districts of Rajasthan, Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh, Uttaranchal, & |
| | Orissa |
| Objective | The broad objective of the study was to assess the viability of the |
| | system, reasons for decrease in the popularity and the response to the |
| | then newly introduced 'Antyodaya' scheme. |

| Sample Size | 4000 Households |
|----------------|---|
| Research Tools | Semi-structured interview schedules, FGDs, Interviews |

| Project Title | Socio-economic study on incidences of suicide |
|----------------|---|
| Client | Ministry of Agriculture, Govt. of India |
| Duration | November 1999- April 2000 |
| Coverage | Four Districts of Andhra Pradesh |
| Objective | The main objective of the survey was to explore reasons for the suicide |
| | committed by the cotton farmers in four districts of Andhra Pradesh. |
| | Also to undertake mapping exercise to assess the land ownership, |
| | income of households, income-generating activities of the farmers. |
| Sample Size | 500 households |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured interview schedules, FGDs, Interviews |

- Impact Assessment of CAPART Assisted Schemes in Andhra Pradesh (CAPART, New Delhi).
- District-wise Skill Gap Assessment in Kerala Jharkhand and Chhattisgarh, Deloitte & NSDC
- Evaluation of Industrial Growth Centre Scheme in Haryana, Rajasthan and Uttar Pradesh for Planning Commission, Government of India
- Status study for Natural Resin Based Industry in Uttaranchal for Department of Industrial Development, Government of Uttaranchal
- Project for preparation of Economic Development Vision and Plan for the state of Haryana for Department of Industries, Government of Haryana

SECTOR: MARKET RESEARCH

| Project Title | Extent of Copyright Piracy in India |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Centre for WTO Studies, Indian Institute of Foreign Trade (IIFT) |
| Duration | 2011 |
| Coverage/Location | Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai, Kolkata, Guwahati, Bangalore, Hyderabad, |
| | Rourkela, Meerut and Gaya. |
| Objective | To understand the extent of copyright piracy in the following sectors: |
| | Films, music, software, electronic games and books. |
| Sample Size | Consumers: 850 |
| | Retailers/Sellers: 112 |
| | Producers/Publishers: 80 |
| | Broadcasters: 12 |
| | Enforcers: 32 |
| Research Tool | Semi Structured Interview Schedules |

SECTOR: ENERGY/SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

| Project Title | Study of Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | IOCL, BPCL, HPCL |
| Duration | 2020-21 |
| Coverage/Location | Short Term – 10 States, Long Term – 20 states |
| Objective | The study aimed to find out the efficacy of the PMGKY on PMUY |
| A | customers and crucial elements influencing adoption of LPG. |
| | To find out the reasons for beneficiaries not being able to avail the refills |
| | (at least two refills during Apr-Aug'20) under Pradhan Mantri Garib |
| | Kalyan Yojana (PMGKY). Study the level of awareness related to PMGKY |
| | amongst the targeted beneficiaries. Apart from this, a detailed database |
| | of the physical resources, cultural practices, economic opportunities, |
| | socio economic parameters of the study location would |
| | be documented through secondary research. |
| Sample Size | Short Term (PMGKY) – 240 Villages, Long Term (PMUY)- 1200 Villages |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview, Village Schedules, In-depth Interviews, |
| | Informal Discussions, Observations. |

| Project Title | NEED ASSESSMENT STUDY FOR ASPIRATIONAL DISTRICTS BIHAR, JHARKHAND |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Oil & Natural Gas Corporation Ltd. |
| Coverage/Location | Bihar – Nawada, Sheikhpura, Jharkhand – Gumla, Khunti, Ramgarh, |
| | Hazaribagh |
| Duration | 2020-21 |

| Objective | Major objective of the study was to find out the basic requirement of the community in 2 districts of Jharkhand. This entailed to social mapping of the needs of the community in the field of education, vocational training, Entrepreneurship (self-help & livelihood generation), health care, women empowerment, infrastructure in the catchment area with focus on environment, water management including ground water recharge and overall ecological conservation. |
|----------------|--|
| Sample Size | Bihar – 1500, Jharkhand – 3000 Households |
| Research Tools | Household Interviews, FGD, In-Depth Interviews |

| Project Title | Assessment of Expenditure and Procurement pattern of cooking fuel in rural households of India |
|-------------------|--|
| Client | Indian Oil Corporation of India (IOCL) |
| | Bharat Petroleum Corporation of India (BPCL) |
| | Hindustan Petroleum Corporation of India (HPCL) |
| Duration | 2018-19 |
| Coverage/Location | PAN India |
| Objective | The objective of the study were as follows: |
| | To document the socio economic profile of the |
| | respondents using bio mass fuel |
| | Examine households' cooking fuel consumption intensity |
| | along with the consumption pattern |
| | ➤ To find out details of procurement of cooking fuel and the |
| A | cost involved thereof |
| | To analyze factors affecting households' choice of cooking fuel |
| Sample Size | Households: 1,02,000 |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedules, in-depth interviews and focus |
| | group discussions |

| Project Title | Need Assessment Study for Implementation of Development |
|-------------------|--|
| | Programmes under CSR Activities |
| Client | Oil and Natural Corporation of India (ONGC) |
| Duration | 2017-18 |
| Coverage/Location | 13 Districts |
| | Bihar (Sitamarhi, Araria, Banka, Aurangabad, Gaya) |
| | Jharkhand (Giridh, Godha, Bokaro, Purbisinghbhum, Ramgarh, Paschmi singh bhum), Uttarakhand (Haridwar, Udham Singh Nagar) |
| Objective | The objective of the study were as follows: |
| | ➤ To elicit information on socio-economic status, covering individual level demographic, education status, employment, livelihood generation, health care facilities and other information for measuring the need of the people. |

| | To find out access to employment and source of income of the people. |
|----------------|--|
| | To find out specifically the need of Vocational training among the marginalized segment of society and women in particular. |
| | To identify the need of scholarship among poor youth to promote higher & technical education. |
| | To identify the need of health care and sanitation facilities of women and children in particular. |
| | To explore the various aspects of livelihood generation for specific intervention in the field of agriculture, horticulture, fishery etc. |
| Sample Size | 1560 households |
| Research Tools | Semi structured Interview schedules, in-depth interviews and focus group discussions |

| Project Title | Need Assessment Study for Implementation of Development Programmes under CSR Activities |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Oil and Natural Gas Corporation (ONGC) |
| Duration | March-2016 |
| Coverage/Location | Tamil Nadu (2 blocks of Ariyalur District) |
| Objective | To elicit information on socio-economic status, covering individual level demographic, education status, employment, livelihood generation, health care facilities and other information for measuring the need of the people. To find out access to employment and source of income of the people. To find out specifically the need of Vocational training among the marginalized segment of society and women in particular. To identify the need of scholarship among poor youth to promote higher & technical education. To identify the need of health care and sanitation facilities of women and Fren in particular. To explore the various aspects of livelihood generation for specific intervention in the field of agriculture, horticulture, fishery etc. |
| Sample Size | 50 Villages of 2 blocks and 50 FGDs |
| Research Tools | Semi structured interview schedule and In-depth interviews |

| Project Title | Need Assessment Study for Implementation of Development Programmes under CSR Activities in the district of Dhanbad; Bokaro; and Hazaribagh of Jharkhand state |
|-------------------|---|
| Client | Oil and Natural Gas Corporation Limited (ONGC) |
| Duration | 2015-16 |
| Coverage/Location | Jharkhand |
| Objective | Major objective of the study is to find out the basic requirement of the |
| | community in the catchment area of ONGC site. |
| Research Tools | Semi-structured Interview Schedules and Depth Interviews |

- Consumer's Satisfaction Survey with regard to quality of supply and distribution of electricity
- Study of Usage of Cooking Fuels by Migrant Population and Food Vendors
- Study to Analyze Potential Customers Perception on Usage of PNG
- Market Survey for Commercial A Segment for MGL (Mahanagar Gas Limited)
- Study to Analyze Potential Customers Perception on Usage of PNG (Piped Natural Gas)
- Study to find out the Reasons for not using PNG among the HH where PNG Pipeline is available
- Profiling of customers and Census of Vehicles Running on CNG (Compressed Natural Gas) in Delhi NCR
- Feeder Renovation Programme in Rajasthan
- Census of Private Vehicles Running on CNG
- Consumer Satisfaction Studies in the Power Sector
- Socio Economic Study to Prepare Rehabilitation Plan in Power Grid Project Site

SECTOR: AGRICULTURE

- A Comprehensive Socio-economic Study on incidences of Suicide among Cotton Growers in Andhra Pradesh (Natural Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Agriculture & Cooperation, Govt. of India).
- Existing Information availability, source and gaps: An assessment of farming community in Karnataka (ISRO, Bangalore).
- Evaluation of Agriculture extension through voluntary organizations, (Directorate of Agriculture Extension, Ministry of Agriculture & Cooperation, Govt. of India).



Conventions Organized by RDI

Research & Development Initiative has successfully organized three conventions. The details are given below

1. Development Uttar Pradesh:

A conclave entitled, "Development Uttar Pradesh 2005: A Conclave on Investment in Social Development Sector" was organized by Research & Development Initiative (RDI) on 18th March 2005 at New Delhi.

The workshop primarily aimed at providing a complete understanding of the development scenario of UP and the ways in which the state government proposes to address some of these issues in the near future. The efforts of UPDC had resulted in donor/aid agencies investing in the state. However, most of the investments made were in the non-social sectors. This workshop acted as a medium of interface between the donor agencies and the government for better understanding and cooperation. The idea was to provide an opportunity for donors to express their views and expectations, explore potential areas of partnership and help UP government to prepare itself better in meeting the requirements of donor funded projects and in ultimately helping the poor. The workshop also aimed at examining issues related to the state government and donor relationship for a better coordination.

More than 100 delegates from different development sectors attended the workshop and gave their opinion on the theme

2. LPG: Catalyst of Social Change

Research & Development Initiative (RDI) in collaboration with Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas, organized an International Conference entitled, "LPG: Catalyst of Social Change" at Bhubaneswar, Odisha on 1st and 2nd September, 2016. In May 2016, Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojna (PMUY) was launched with an aim to deepen the penetration of LPG in rural poor families. PMUY is considered to be a landmark step towards realizing Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi's vision to provide clean cooking fuel to the poor and marginalized women with the target to bring 50 million poor households under LPG coverage in a span of three years.

The conference was successful in attracting participation from wide range of researchers, planners and implementers not only from India but also across the globe. Experts deliberated on a wide range of subjects which included need of clean fuel, possible interventions, initiatives in India and case studies from other developing nations. The range of deliberations can be accessed from the fact that even Ujjwala beneficiaries (poor women) and GiveltUP champions were also given opportunity to tell their stories to the world. The involvement of the Indian government in the event is reflected from the fact that a governor, two senior Union Ministers, senior officials from MoP&NG, senior officers from state governments and top management of oil marketing companies not only spoke but also spent a lot of time listening to other speakers.

The conference was attended by more the 300 delegates which include research development professionals, subject matter specialists, implementers, academicians from India and abroad.

3. LPG: Catalyst of Social Change-II

After one and Half Year of the launch of the Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY) it has been successful in achieving more than its periodic target by providing LPG connections to more than 3 crore households. This landmark scheme, apart from providing clean cooking fuel to poor families, has been a major impetus in the gender empowerment by addressing the health related issues of women and in due course paving way for their socio economic development.

In this context, Research & Development Initiative(RDI), in association with MoP&NG, IOCL, BPCL & HPCL had organized a Conference entitled, "LPG: Catalyst of Social Change-II" with an aim of sharing the impact of Ujjwala in various spheres viz: health, environment, gender empowerment, overall socio economic development etc. The conference also aimed at encouraging deliberations of leveraging Ujjwala for International Cooperation and its prospect of being a model for other developing countries. Apart from this, the conference also underscores the initiatives like LPG Panchayat & WIN LPG undertaken to strengthen Ujjwala. The conference also facilitated for horizontal exchange of experience of stakeholders and apprised the participants with the latest developments in the sector. It has also served as an opportunity to interact and network with experts in the area of energy and internationally acclaimed speakers.

The conference was held at Ranchi, Jharkhand on 26th and 27th February, 2018.

This conference was attended by more the 250 delegates which included research development professionals, subject matter specialists, implementers, academicians from India and abroad.

